Food and Drug Administration, HHS

- (b) *Criteria*. The criteria in §312.305(a) must be met; and FDA must determine that:
- (1) There is enough evidence that the drug is safe at the dose and duration proposed for expanded access use to justify a clinical trial of the drug in the approximate number of patients expected to receive the drug under expanded access; and
- (2) There is at least preliminary clinical evidence of effectiveness of the drug, or of a plausible pharmacologic effect of the drug to make expanded access use a reasonable therapeutic option in the anticipated patient population.
- (c) Submission. The expanded access submission must include information adequate to satisfy FDA that the criteria in §312.305(a) and paragraph (b) of this section have been met. The expanded access submission must meet the requirements of §312.305(b). In addition:
- (1) The expanded access submission must state whether the drug is being developed or is not being developed and describe the patient population to be treated.
- (2) If the drug is not being actively developed, the sponsor must explain why the drug cannot currently be developed for the expanded access use and under what circumstances the drug could be developed.
- (3) If the drug is being studied in a clinical trial, the sponsor must explain why the patients to be treated cannot be enrolled in the clinical trial and under what circumstances the sponsor would conduct a clinical trial in these patients.
- (d) Safeguards. (1) Upon review of the IND annual report, FDA will determine whether it is appropriate for the expanded access to continue under this section
- (i) If the drug is not being actively developed or if the expanded access use is not being developed (but another use is being developed), FDA will consider whether it is possible to conduct a clinical study of the expanded access use.
- (ii) If the drug is being actively developed, FDA will consider whether providing the investigational drug for expanded access use is interfering with the clinical development of the drug.

- (iii) As the number of patients enrolled increases, FDA may ask the sponsor to submit an IND or protocol for the use under §312.320.
- (2) The sponsor is responsible for monitoring the expanded access protocol to ensure that licensed physicians comply with the protocol and the regulations applicable to investigators.

§ 312.320 Treatment IND or treatment protocol.

Under this section, FDA may permit an investigational drug to be used for widespread treatment use.

- (a) Criteria. The criteria in §312.305(a) must be met, and FDA must determine that:
- (1) Trial status. (i) The drug is being investigated in a controlled clinical trial under an IND designed to support a marketing application for the expanded access use, or
- (ii) All clinical trials of the drug have been completed; and
- (2) Marketing status. The sponsor is actively pursuing marketing approval of the drug for the expanded access use with due diligence; and
- (3) Evidence. (i) When the expanded access use is for a serious disease or condition, there is sufficient clinical evidence of safety and effectiveness to support the expanded access use. Such evidence would ordinarily consist of data from phase 3 trials, but could consist of compelling data from completed phase 2 trials; or
- (ii) When the expanded access use is for an immediately life-threatening disease or condition, the available scientific evidence, taken as a whole, provides a reasonable basis to conclude that the investigational drug may be effective for the expanded access use and would not expose patients to an unreasonable and significant risk of illness or injury. This evidence would ordinarily consist of clinical data from phase 3 or phase 2 trials, but could be based on more preliminary clinical evidence.
- (b) Submission. The expanded access submission must include information adequate to satisfy FDA that the criteria in §312.305(a) and paragraph (a) of this section have been met. The expanded access submission must meet the requirements of §312.305(b).

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(c) Safeguard. The sponsor is responsible for monitoring the treatment protocol to ensure that licensed physicians comply with the protocol and the regulations applicable to investigators.

PART 314—APPLICATIONS FOR FDA APPROVAL TO MARKET A NEW DRUG

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